

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

#### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

##### Opinion

We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of **Techno AMI Solutions Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31st, 2026, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS"), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and losses, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

##### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs"), specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

##### Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report including Annexures to Directors' Report, Corporate Governance Report, Management Discussion and Analysis Report and Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information as above is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to Those Charged with Governance.



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## **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence





obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with Those Charged with Governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Those Charged with Governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with Those Charged with Governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, and we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report to the extent applicable that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d) In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;



- f) In our opinion, the Company is exempted vide notification no G.S.R. 583 (E) dated 13th June, 2017 from the reporting requirement related to adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls; and
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- 1) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements;
  - 2) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
  - 3) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - 4)
    - (a) The Management has represented that, during the year to the best of its' knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, during the year to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
    - (c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances; nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement.
  - 5) There were no amounts which were declared or paid during the year as dividend by the company.
  - 6) Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the same has been preserved as per statutory requirements of record retention.



3. According to the information and explanations given by the management, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in the current year. Accordingly, the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026.

**For C N K & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 101961W/W-100036



Vijay Mehta

Partner

Membership No.: 106533

UDIN: 26106533UPKVQR8276

Place: Mumbai

Date: 22<sup>nd</sup> May, 2026





## ANNEXURE A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the Members of Techno AMI Solutions Private Limited ("the Company") on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026]

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of accounts and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- (i) (a) The Company does not hold any Property, Plant and Equipment ("PPE") and accordingly, the requirements under Paragraph 3(i) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") are not applicable to the company;
- (ii) (a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence the requirements of paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.  
(b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from any bank or financial institution on the basis of security of current assets which requires the Company to file quarterly returns or statements which such banks or financial institutions. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable;
- (iii) During the year, the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence the requirements of paragraph 3(iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect of grant of loans, making investments, guarantees and securities, as applicable;
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits to which directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act or other relevant provisions and the Rules framed there under apply. We are informed by the Management, that no order has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal in this regard;
- (vi) Based on the Verification of the documents provided to us and according to the information and explanations given by the Management, Prima facie, the Company is not required to maintain cost records that have been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) (a) On the basis of our examination of records and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.  

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2026 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable;

  
(b) According to the records of the company examined by us and information and explanations given by the management, there are no dues of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute, which have not been deposited by the Company;
- (viii) As disclosed in note no. 27 (vii) of the Standalone Financial Statements, there are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of account and have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961;



- (ix) On the basis of our examination of records and according to the information and explanations given to us:
- (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender;
  - (b) As disclosed in note no. 27 (viii) of the Standalone Financial Statements, the Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
  - (c) On an examination of the records of the Company, we report that during the year, the company has neither raised any term loans nor utilized any amount of the term loans which were availed in earlier years. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable;
  - (d) On an overall examination of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company, no funds raised on short term basis have been used for long term purposes;
  - (e) During the year, the Company does not have subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Hence, reporting on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable;
  - (f) The Company does not have subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Hence, reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable;
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable;
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or debentures (fully or partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable;
- (xi) (a) There are no instances of material fraud by the Company or on the Company have been noticed or reported during the year;
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report;
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year;
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii)(a) to 3(xii)(c) of the Order is not applicable;
- (xiii) The Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards;
- (xiv) In our opinion and based on our examination, during the year the Company is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013. Hence the reporting under clause 3(xiv) is not applicable;
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with directors and hence provision of section 192 of the Act are not applicable;
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xvi)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable;



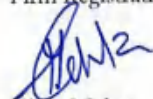


- (b) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable;
- (c) There is no Core Investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3 (xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable;
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 909.77 (in '000s) during the financial year covered by our audit and Rs. 2,270.09 (in '000s) in the immediately preceding financial year;
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting under clause 3(xviii) is not applicable;
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date;
- We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due;
- (xx) The provisions of Section 135 of the Act pertaining to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are not applicable to the Company. Hence, reporting under Clause 3 (xx)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (xxi) As the Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements, reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable;

**For C N K & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 101961W/W-100036



Vijay Mehta

Partner

Membership No.: 106533

UDIN: 26106533UPKVQR8276

Place: Mumbai

Date: 22<sup>nd</sup> May, 2026





TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)

CIN: U74110HR2010PTC040762

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026

(in ₹' 000s)

| Particulars                                         | Note No. | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>I ASSETS :</b>                                   |          |                      |                      |
| <b>1 Non-current assets</b>                         |          |                      |                      |
| (a) Deferred Tax Asset                              | 3        | 985.71               | 679.69               |
|                                                     |          | <u>985.71</u>        | <u>679.69</u>        |
| <b>2 Current Assets</b>                             |          |                      |                      |
| (a) Financial Assets                                |          |                      |                      |
| (i) Trade Receivables                               | 4        | 3,97,879.25          | 5,86,474.32          |
| (ii) Cash & cash equivalents                        | 5        | 1,825.58             | 278.39               |
| (iii) Other Financial Assets                        | 2        | 28.00                | 28.00                |
| (b) Other Current Assets                            | 6        | 26,397.33            | 35,076.14            |
|                                                     |          | <u>4,26,130.16</u>   | <u>6,21,856.85</u>   |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>                                 |          | <u>4,27,115.87</u>   | <u>6,22,536.54</u>   |
| <b>II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:</b>                   |          |                      |                      |
| <b>1 Equity</b>                                     |          |                      |                      |
| (a) Equity Share capital                            | 7        | 1,100.00             | 1,100.00             |
| (b) Other Equity                                    | 8        | 4,989.50             | 5,899.29             |
|                                                     |          | <u>6,089.50</u>      | <u>6,999.29</u>      |
| <b>2 Liabilities</b>                                |          |                      |                      |
| <b>Current Liabilities</b>                          |          |                      |                      |
| (a) Financial Liabilities                           |          |                      |                      |
| (i) Borrowings                                      | 9        | 17,248.58            | 13,869.12            |
| (ii) Trade Payables                                 |          |                      |                      |
| Total outstanding dues of MSME                      |          | -                    | -                    |
| Total outstanding dues of Creditors Other than MSME | 10       | 3,91,063.08          | 5,85,680.57          |
| (iii) Other Financial Liabilities                   | 11       | -                    | 8.00                 |
| (b) Other Current Laibilities                       | 12       | 12,714.72            | 15,979.57            |
|                                                     |          | <u>4,21,026.37</u>   | <u>6,15,537.26</u>   |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>                 |          | <u>4,27,115.87</u>   | <u>6,22,536.55</u>   |

Material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

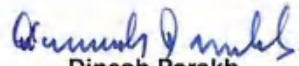
For C N K & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No: 101961W/W-100036



Vijay Mehta  
(Partner)  
M. No. 106533  
Place : Mumbai  
Date: May 22, 2026



(0)  
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

  
Dinesh Parakh  
Director  
DIN: 00057091  
Place : Gurugram

  
Raj Kumar Raina  
Director  
DIN : 03311376  
Place : Gurugram

**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

CIN: U74110HR2010PTC040762

**Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended March 31, 2026**

(in ₹' 000s)

| Particulars                                                          | Note No. | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| I Revenue From operations                                            | 13       | 1,64,503.64                       | 3,60,886.07                       |
| II Other Income                                                      | 14       | 1,787.43                          | 953.26                            |
| III Total Income (I +II)                                             |          | <u>1,66,291.06</u>                | <u>3,61,839.33</u>                |
| IV EXPENSES                                                          |          |                                   |                                   |
| Cost of material consumed                                            | 15       | 1,63,274.59                       | 3,42,202.48                       |
| Finance cost                                                         | 16       | 1,343.85                          | 754.19                            |
| Other expenses                                                       | 17       | 2,888.41                          | 21,814.97                         |
| Total expenses (IV)                                                  |          | <u>1,67,506.84</u>                | <u>3,64,771.64</u>                |
| V Profit / (loss) before exceptional items and tax (III - IV)        |          | (1,215.78)                        | (2,932.31)                        |
| VI Exceptional items                                                 |          | -                                 | -                                 |
| VII Profit / (loss) before tax (V + VI)                              |          | <u>(1,215.78)</u>                 | <u>(2,932.31)</u>                 |
| VIII Tax Expenses                                                    | 18       |                                   |                                   |
| a) Current Tax                                                       |          | -                                 | -                                 |
| b) Tax for previous years                                            |          | -                                 | 17.48                             |
| c) Deferred Tax                                                      |          | (306.02)                          | (679.69)                          |
| IX Profit / (loss) for the year (VII - VIII)                         |          | <u>(909.77)</u>                   | <u>(2,270.09)</u>                 |
| Other comprehensive income                                           |          |                                   |                                   |
| A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (net of tax) |          | -                                 | -                                 |
| B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss                  |          | -                                 | -                                 |
| X Total Comprehensive Income/(loss) for the year                     |          | <u>(909.77)</u>                   | <u>(2,270.09)</u>                 |
| XI Earnings per equity share                                         |          |                                   |                                   |
| 1) Basic                                                             | 19       | (8.27)                            | (20.64)                           |
| 2) Diluted                                                           |          | (8.27)                            | (20.64)                           |

Material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Profit and Loss Statement 2 to 32

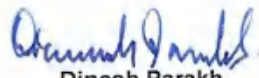
This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

**For C N K & Associates LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No: 101961W/W-100036

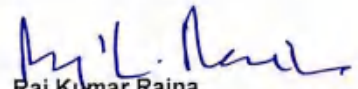
**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**



**Vijay Mehta**  
(Partner)  
M. No. 106533  
Place : Mumbai  
Date: May 22, 2026

**Dinesh Parakh**  
Director  
DIN: 00057091  
Place : Gurugram



**Raj Kumar Raina**  
Director  
DIN : 03311376  
Place : Gurugram



**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

CIN: U74110HR2010PTC040762

**Cash Flow Statement For the year ended March 31, 2026**

(in ₹' 000s)

|           | Particulars                                                                  | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2026         | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025         |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <b>A.</b> | <b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                  |                                              |                                              |
|           | Net Profit before tax                                                        | (1,215.78)                                   | (2,932.31)                                   |
|           | Adjustments for:                                                             |                                              |                                              |
|           | Interest paid                                                                | 1,343.85                                     | 754.19                                       |
|           | <b>OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES</b>                       | <b>128.07</b>                                | <b>(2,178.13)</b>                            |
|           | Adjustment for:                                                              |                                              |                                              |
|           | (Increase)/Decrease in Trade receivables                                     | 1,88,595.07                                  | (1,72,252.11)                                |
|           | Increase/(Decrease) in Trade payables and Other Payables                     | (1,98,024.73)                                | (7,01,387.43)                                |
|           | (Increase)/Decrease in other assets                                          | 8,678.81                                     | 8,69,036.63                                  |
|           | <b>CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS</b>                                        | <b>(622.78)</b>                              | <b>(6,781.03)</b>                            |
|           | Income Tax Paid                                                              | -                                            | 17.48                                        |
|           | <b>NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)</b>                           | <b>(622.78)</b>                              | <b>(6,798.51)</b>                            |
| <b>B.</b> | <b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                  |                                              |                                              |
|           | (Purchase)/Sale of Investments                                               | -                                            | -                                            |
|           | (Purchase)/Sale of Fixed assets                                              | -                                            | -                                            |
|           | <b>CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)</b>                                    | <b>-</b>                                     | <b>-</b>                                     |
| <b>C.</b> | <b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                  |                                              |                                              |
|           | Issue of Share Capital                                                       | -                                            | -                                            |
|           | Loan from Holding Company                                                    | 3,513.85                                     | 7,669.18                                     |
|           | Interest paid                                                                | (1,343.85)                                   | (754.19)                                     |
|           | <b>NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)</b>                      | <b>2,170.00</b>                              | <b>6,915.00</b>                              |
| <b>D.</b> | <b>NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (A) + (B) + (C)</b> | <b>1,547.22</b>                              | <b>116.49</b>                                |
| <b>E.</b> | <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR</b>                 | <b>278.39</b>                                | <b>161.89</b>                                |
| <b>F.</b> | <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE END OF THE YEAR</b>                       | <b>1,825.58</b>                              | <b>278.39</b>                                |
|           | <b>Particulars</b>                                                           | <b>For the year ended<br/>March 31, 2026</b> | <b>For the year ended<br/>March 31, 2025</b> |
|           | <b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year comprises :</b>          |                                              |                                              |
|           | Balances with Bank                                                           |                                              |                                              |
|           | (i) In current accounts                                                      | 1,825.58                                     | 278.39                                       |
|           | <b>Cash and Cash Equivalent as per Cash Flow Statement</b>                   | <b>1,825.58</b>                              | <b>278.39</b>                                |

Notes :

a. The above statement of cash flow has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flow".

b. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

| Particulars                 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2026 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Opening Balance             | 902.20                               | 223.43                               |
| Interest cost on borrowings | 1,343.85                             | 754.19                               |
| Tax Deducted at Source      | 134.38                               | 75.42                                |
| Interest paid               | -                                    | -                                    |
| <b>Closing Balance</b>      | <b>2,111.66</b>                      | <b>902.20</b>                        |

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For C N K & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No: 101961W/W-100036

*Vijay Mehta*  
Vijay Mehta  
(Partner)  
M. No. 106533  
Place : Mumbai  
Date: May 22, 2026



*Dinesh Parakh*  
Dinesh Parakh  
Director  
DIN: 00057091  
Place: Gurugram

*Raj Kumar Raina*  
Raj Kumar Raina  
Director  
DIN : 03311376  
Place : Gurugram

**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**  
**Statement of Change in Equity for year ended 31 March, 2026**

**A : Equity Share Capital**

(in ₹' 000 )

|                                                               | Amount   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| Balance as on 31 March, 2024                                  | 1,100.00 |
| Changes in equity share capital during financial year 2024-25 | -        |
| Balance as on 31 March, 2025                                  | 1,100.00 |
| Changes in equity share capital during financial year 2025-26 | -        |
| Balance as on 31 March, 2026                                  | 1,100.00 |

**B : Other Equity**

(in ₹' 000 )

|                                | Reserve & Surplus          |                  | Other Comprehensive Income | Total      |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------|
|                                | Securities Premium Reserve | Retained Earning |                            |            |
| Balance as on 31 March, 2024   | -                          | 8,169.37         | -                          | 8,169.37   |
| Profit/(loss) for Year 2024-25 | -                          | (2,270.09)       | -                          | (2,270.09) |
| Balance as on 31 March, 2025   | -                          | 5,899.28         | -                          | 5,899.29   |
| Profit/(loss) for Year 2025-26 | -                          | (909.77)         | -                          | (909.77)   |
| Balance as on 31 March, 2026   | -                          | 4,989.52         | -                          | 4,989.53   |

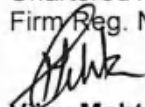
\* There are no changes in Equity Share Capital and Other Equity due to prior period errors.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statement

**For C N K & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No: 101961W/W-100036

  
**Vijay Mehta**

(Partner)

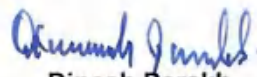
M. No. 106533

Place : Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2026



**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

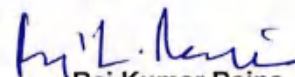


**Dinesh Parakh**

Director

DIN: 00057091

Place : Gurugram



**Raj Kumar Raina**

Director

DIN : 03311376

Place : Gurugram



Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

(I) Corporate information

Techno AMI Solutions Private Limited (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited) (the "Company") was incorporated on 25 June 2010 under the Companies Act, 2013. It is a company domiciled in India and limited by shares (CIN: U74110HR2010PTC040762). The Company has its registered office at Motorola Excellence Centre, 4th Floor, 415/2, Mehrauli-Gurgaon Road, Sector-14, Gurugram, Haryana-122001. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Techno Electric & Engineering Company Limited.

(II) Overview of business of the company

The Company had been set up for installing, operating and maintaining smart electric meters for the REC Power Development & Consultancy Ltd (RECPDCL) to provide public service on "Design-Build-Finance-Own-Operate-Transfer (DBFOOT) model. Techno AMI Solutions is engaged in implementing smart meter roll out program through working collaboratively with all stakeholders to procure, deploy and provide operation and maintenance for the smart meter infrastructure. Smart meters communicate on real time basis with distribution companies enabling remote meter reading and prompt identification of network failures, thereby reducing response time and improving the quality of network and services. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Techno Electric & Engineering Company Limited.

(III) (A) Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'). The Ind AS are prescribed and presentation requirements of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (compliant Schedule III) notified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2017.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared these financial statements which comprises the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended as on that date, and material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy thereinto in use.

These financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis and in accordance with the material accounting policies, set out below and were consistently applied to all periods presented unless otherwise stated

(B) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities - measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments).



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Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

**(C) Current and non-current classification**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

**(D) functional and presentation currency**

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is the Company's functional currency and all amounts are rounded to thousands, except as stated otherwise.

**(IV) Use of Estimates and Judgements**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in note III and IV. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

**(A) Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method**

The Company's EIR methodology, recognises interest expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans taken and recognises the effect or potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges). This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behavior and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes to India's base rate and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.



M. Q.P.



Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31  
March 2026

**(B) Estimation on Finance lease receivable**

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

**Company as a lessee**

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

**Right-of-use assets**

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets as mentioned below: Land 30-99 years If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in section "impairment of non-financial assets".

**Lease Liabilities**

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

**Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets**

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of sites, offices, equipment, etc. that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straightline basis over the lease term.



Handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'M. Q.P.'.

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

**Company as a lessor**

Lessor accounting under IND AS 116 is substantially unchanged from IND AS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in IND AS 17. Therefore, IND AS 116 does not have an impact for leases where the Company is the lessor. Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

**Material accounting policies**

**(i) Cash and cash equivalent**

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

**(ii) Revenue**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized

- on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership;
- when goods are dispatched and the title passes to the customers;
- when the company neither retains nor continue managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership or effective control over the good sold; and
- when there is certainty of collection.

Revenue from Services are recognized as and when services are rendered. Company takes the responsibility of the end to end solution from meter installation to submission of crucial inputs e.g. meter reading to the system integrators/customer to assist in electricity bill generation. Responsibility of operation and maintenance of these installed meters also rests with company.

Revenue recognition considers the nature of contracts into three categories: -

- a) Contract to supply, install and making operational smart meters.
- b) Operation and maintenance (O&M) which begins with meter installation.
- c) Fees from providing 'services of Project Management Consultancy Services

By using input methods, revenue is recognised based on the entity's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of the performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs. Costs incurred relative to total expected costs considered



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Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

(iii) **Contract Balances**

**Contract Assets**

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for services transferred to the customer. If the entity performs by transferring services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due. A contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Contract assets are transferred when the rights become unconditional.

**Impairment of Contract Assets**

The Company evaluates whether there is any objective evidence that financial assets including loan, trade and other receivables are impaired and determines the amount of impairment allowance as a result of the inability of the parties to make required payments. The Company bases the estimates on the ageing of the receivables, creditworthiness of the receivables and historical write-off experience and variation in the credit risk on year-to-year basis.

IV) **Trade receivable**

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due)

V) **Income taxes**

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the company operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred tax reflects the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current year and reversal of timing differences for the earlier years. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible timing differences only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits.

At each reporting date, the company re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The company writes-down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority



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Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

**Current and deferred tax for the year**

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**VI) Operating Cycle**

The Company has classified all its assets/ liabilities into current/ non-current portion based on the time frame of 12 months from the date of financials statements. Accordingly assets/ liabilities expected to be realised/ settled within 12 months from the date of financial statements are classified as current and other assets/ liabilities are classified as non-current.

**VII) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

**Contingent Liabilities**

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

**Contingent Assets**

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is disclosed.

**VIII) Segment reporting**

As the Company's business activity primarily falls within a single business and geographical segment, there are no additional disclosures to be provided in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Segment Reporting'.

**IX) Borrowing Cost**

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.



M. Q. I.



Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

**X) Earning Per Share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

**XI) Financial Instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

**Financial Assets**

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), or fair value through profit or loss. The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IND AS 115.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.



M. Q. P.

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

**Subsequent Measurement**

Subsequent measurement of financial assets is described below –

- Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is the most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- c) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

- Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

All equity investments in scope of 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income, subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. These equity shares are designated as Fair Value Through OCI (FVTOCI) as they are not held for trading and disclosing their fair value fluctuation in profit and loss will not reflect the purpose of holding. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to the Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



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### **Derecognition**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

### **Impairment of financial assets**

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- i. Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance
- ii. Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115
- iii. Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables or contract revenue receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original Effective Interest Rate (EIR). Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' (or 'other income') in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### **Financial liabilities and equity instruments**

#### **Classification of debt or equity-**

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.



M. Q. Y.

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

**Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

**Financial Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for trading, or it is designated as such on initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

**Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.**

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of the costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised **cost of a** financial liability and of allocating interest expenses over the **relevant** period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

**Derecognition of financial liabilities**

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

**Fair value measurement**

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date using valuation techniques.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a



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Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, **assuming** that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefit by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing that use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level in put that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

#### XII) Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to profit and loss account.

#### XIII) Expenditure

Expenses are recognised on accrual basis and provisions are made for all known losses and liabilities. The Company has also entered into certain cost sharing arrangements for resources shared with entity having joint control over the company. The costs allocated to the Company under the cost sharing arrangements are included in the respective expenses. The costs allocated to other entities under the cost sharing arrangement are shown as amounts recoverable from the respective party.

#### XIV) Interest income

Interest Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount



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Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

outstanding and the effective interest rate when there is a reasonable certainty as to realization.

**XV) Provisions and Contingencies**

Provisions and liabilities are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgment to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change.

Management judgment is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/litigations/ against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities and estimation for contingencies are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

**XVI) Cash Flow statement**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalent consist of cash, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the cash management.

**XVII) Standards issued but not yet effective. /Application of new and revised Indian Accounting**

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) or amendments to existing standards under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules.

The following key amendments have been notified but are not yet effective for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. The Company intends to adopt these amendments from their effective date, which is April 1, 2026.

1. Amendment to Ind AS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements The amendment clarifies the classification of liabilities as current or non-current. Specifically, it removes the exception that allowed a company to classify a loan as non-current if a breached loan covenant was waived by the lender after the reporting date. Effective April 1, 2026, any breach existing on the balance sheet date will strictly require the loan to be classified as a current liability.

2. Annual Improvements to Ind AS (Ind AS 107 and Ind AS 110) The MCA has issued minor clarifying amendments to Ind AS 107 (Financial Instruments: Disclosures) regarding risk presentation, and Ind AS 110 (Consolidated Financial Statements) regarding the application of control principles.



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# TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

| Note 2 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS |                         |                         | (in ₹ 000) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Particulars                   | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |            |
| (i) Current                   |                         |                         |            |
| - Security deposit - Rent     | 28.00                   | 28.00                   |            |
|                               | <u>28.00</u>            | <u>28.00</u>            |            |

| Note 3 Deferred Tax Asset               |                         |                         | (in ₹ 000) |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Particulars                             | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |            |
| (a) Deferred tax Assets (Refer note 29) | 985.71                  | 679.69                  |            |
|                                         | <u>985.71</u>           | <u>679.69</u>           |            |

| Note 4 Trade Receivables                                         |                         |                         | (in ₹ 000) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Particulars                                                      | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |            |
| (a) Considered Good Secured                                      | -                       | -                       |            |
| (b) Considered Good Unsecured*                                   | 3,97,879.25             | 5,86,474.32             |            |
| Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | -                       | -                       |            |
|                                                                  | <u>3,97,879.25</u>      | <u>5,86,474.32</u>      |            |
| Less -Impairment Allowance for doubtful debts                    | -                       | -                       |            |
|                                                                  | <u>3,97,879.25</u>      | <u>5,86,474.32</u>      |            |

Trade Receivable due from related parties  
Debts due by directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or debts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member

Nil

Nil

\* Trade advances from REC LTD. and TDS receivable (GST), which were included under Trade Receivable in the previous year, have been regrouped and presented under other current liabilities (note 12) and other current assets (note 5) respectively in the current year

## Note

### a) Ageing of Trade Receivables are as below:

| Particulars                                  | Outstanding from due date of payment as on March 31, 2026 |                    |                   |                    |                 |                   | Total              |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
|                                              | Not Due**                                                 | Less than 6 months | 6 months - 1 year | 1-2 years          | 2-3 years       | More than 3 years |                    |
| <b>Undisputed Trade receivable</b>           |                                                           |                    |                   |                    |                 |                   |                    |
| - Considered good                            | 50,788.89                                                 | 36,823.27          | 49,517.63         | 2,57,598.35        | 3,151.11        | -                 | 3,97,879.25        |
| - Having significant increase in credit risk | -                                                         | -                  | -                 | -                  | -               | -                 | -                  |
| - Credit impaired                            | -                                                         | -                  | -                 | -                  | -               | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Disputed Trade receivable</b>             |                                                           |                    |                   |                    |                 |                   |                    |
| - Considered good                            | -                                                         | -                  | -                 | -                  | -               | -                 | -                  |
| - Having significant increase in credit risk | -                                                         | -                  | -                 | -                  | -               | -                 | -                  |
| - Credit impaired                            | -                                                         | -                  | -                 | -                  | -               | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Total</b>                                 | <b>50,788.89</b>                                          | <b>36,823.27</b>   | <b>49,517.63</b>  | <b>2,57,598.35</b> | <b>3,151.11</b> | <b>-</b>          | <b>3,97,879.25</b> |

| Particulars                                  | Outstanding from due date of payment as on March 31, 2025 |                    |                    |                    |           |                   | Total              |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
|                                              | Not Due**                                                 | Less than 6 months | 6 months - 1 year  | 1-2 years          | 2-3 years | More than 3 years |                    |
| <b>Undisputed Trade receivable</b>           |                                                           |                    |                    |                    |           |                   |                    |
| - Considered good                            | 62,771.50                                                 | 2,32,725.59        | 1,51,748.83        | 1,39,228.40        | -         | -                 | 5,86,474.32        |
| - Having significant increase in credit risk | -                                                         | -                  | -                  | -                  | -         | -                 | -                  |
| - Credit impaired                            | -                                                         | -                  | -                  | -                  | -         | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Disputed Trade receivable</b>             |                                                           |                    |                    |                    |           |                   |                    |
| - Considered good                            | -                                                         | -                  | -                  | -                  | -         | -                 | -                  |
| - Having significant increase in credit risk | -                                                         | -                  | -                  | -                  | -         | -                 | -                  |
| - Credit impaired                            | -                                                         | -                  | -                  | -                  | -         | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Total</b>                                 | <b>62,771.50</b>                                          | <b>2,32,725.59</b> | <b>1,51,748.83</b> | <b>1,39,228.40</b> | <b>-</b>  | <b>-</b>          | <b>5,86,474.32</b> |

\*\* Not Due includes Retention Money receivable from Customers



*M. Q. P.*

**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

| Note 5 Cash and cash equivalents |                         | (in ₹' 000)             |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Particulars                      | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |  |
| (a) Balances with banks          |                         |                         |  |
| - In current accounts            | 1,825.58                | 278.39                  |  |
|                                  | <u>1,825.58</u>         | <u>278.39</u>           |  |

i) No significant cash and cash equivalent balance held by the Company, are available for use by the Company

| Note 6 Other Current Assets           |                         | (in ₹' 000)             |  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Particulars                           | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |  |
| - Prepaid expense                     | 133.06                  | 69.01                   |  |
| - Balance with Government Authorities |                         |                         |  |
| GST receivables (net)                 | 17,659.58               | 14,551.55               |  |
| GST TDS Receivable                    | 3,877.21                | 3,606.41                |  |
| TDS receivables (Income Tax)          | 4,727.48                | 4,354.97                |  |
|                                       |                         | 12,494.20               |  |
| - Trade advance to TEECL              | -                       |                         |  |
|                                       | <u>26,397.33</u>        | <u>35,076.14</u>        |  |

| Note 7 Share Capital                                            |                         | (in ₹' 000)             |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Particulars                                                     | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |  |
| Equity Share capital                                            |                         |                         |  |
| <b>Authorised :</b>                                             |                         |                         |  |
| 10,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (P.Y.                      | 10,000.00               | 10,000.00               |  |
| 10,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)                           | <u>10,000.00</u>        | <u>10,000.00</u>        |  |
| <b>Issued, subscribed and paid up shares :</b>                  |                         |                         |  |
| 1,10,000 Equity shares of ₹10/- each fully paid-                | 1,100.00                | 1,100.00                |  |
| up (P.Y. 1,10,000 Equity shares of ₹10/- each fully             |                         |                         |  |
| paid-up)                                                        |                         |                         |  |
| <b>Total Issued, subscribed and fully paid up share capital</b> | <u>1,100.00</u>         | <u>1,100.00</u>         |  |



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# TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

## a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

| Particulars                        | As on March 31, 2026 |           | As on March 31, 2025 |           |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
|                                    | No. of Shares        | in ₹ '000 | No. of Shares        | in ₹ '000 |
| At the beginning of the year       | 1,10,000             | 1,100.00  | 1,10,000             | 1,100.00  |
| Issued During the year             | -                    | -         | -                    | -         |
| Outstanding at the end of the year | 1,10,000             | 1,100.00  | 1,10,000             | 1,100.00  |

## b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to the shares

Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. There is no restriction on distribution of dividend. However, same except interim dividend is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

## c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

| Particulars                                                                                         | As on March 31, 2026 |                        | As on March 31, 2025 |                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
|                                                                                                     | No. of Shares        | % holding in the class | No. of Shares        | % holding in the class |
| Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid Techno Electric & Engineering Co Ltd, the Holding Company * | 1,10,000             | 100.00%                | 1,10,000             | 100.00%                |
|                                                                                                     | 1,10,000             | 100.00%                | 1,10,000             | 100.00%                |

\* Includes 6 shares held by nominees Directors.

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

## d. Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

| Promoter name                        | As on March 31, 2026 |                   | As on March 31, 2025 |                   | % Change during the year |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
|                                      | No. of shares        | % of total shares | No. of shares        | % of total shares |                          |
| Techno Electric & Engineering Co Ltd | 1,10,000             | 100.00%           | 1,10,000             | 100.00%           | -                        |
| Total                                | 1,10,000             | 100.00%           | 1,10,000             | 100.00%           |                          |

e. The company has neither issued bonus shares nor has bought back any shares during last 5 years.

f. No ordinary shares have been reserved for issue under options and contracts/ commitments for the sale of shares/ disinvestment as at the Balance Sheet date.

## Note 8 OTHER EQUITY

(in ₹ '000)

| Particulars                   | As on March 31, 2026 |  | As on March 31, 2025 |  |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|--|
|                               |                      |  |                      |  |
| <b>A Retained Earnings*</b>   |                      |  |                      |  |
| (i) Opening balance           | 5,899.26             |  | 8,169.37             |  |
| Add: Transfer during the year | (909.77)             |  | (2,270.09)           |  |
| <b>Total</b>                  | <b>4,989.50</b>      |  | <b>5,899.28</b>      |  |
|                               | <b>4,989.50</b>      |  | <b>5,899.28</b>      |  |

\*Retained earnings represents undistributed profits of the Company which can be distributed to its equity shareholders in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

## Note 9 Current Borrowings

(in ₹ '000)

| Particulars               | As on March 31, 2026 |  | As on March 31, 2025 |  |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|--|
|                           |                      |  |                      |  |
| <b>Unsecured:-</b>        |                      |  |                      |  |
| Loan from Parent Company* | 17,248.58            |  | 13,869.12            |  |
|                           | <b>17,248.58</b>     |  | <b>13,869.12</b>     |  |

\*Loan from its holding co. is interest bearing @ 7%. It will repayable on or before 31.03.2027.



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# TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

| Note 10 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - TRADE PAYABLE                                          |                         |                         | (in ₹ 000 ) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Particulars                                                                            | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |             |
| Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises                      | -                       | -                       |             |
| Total outstanding dues of Creditors Other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises | 3,91,063.08             | 5,85,680.57             |             |
|                                                                                        | <u>3,91,063.08</u>      | <u>5,85,680.57</u>      |             |

## Outstanding as on 31 March, 2026 from due date of payment

| Particulars           | Unbilled | Upto 1 Year      | 1-2 Years          | 2-3 Years        | More than 3 Years | Total              |
|-----------------------|----------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| MSME                  | -        | -                | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| Others                | -        | 71,014.71        | 2,26,472.95        | 93,575.42        | -                 | 3,91,063.08        |
| Disputed dues- MSME   | -        | -                | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| Disputed dues- Others | -        | -                | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Total</b>          | -        | <b>71,014.71</b> | <b>2,26,472.95</b> | <b>93,575.42</b> | -                 | <b>3,91,063.08</b> |

## A Outstanding as on March 31, 2025 from due date of payment

| Particulars           | Unbilled | Upto 1 Year        | 1-2 Years          | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total              |
|-----------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| MSME                  | -        | -                  | -                  | -         | -                 | -                  |
| Others                | -        | 3,70,784.51        | 2,14,896.06        | -         | -                 | 5,85,680.57        |
| Disputed dues- MSME   | -        | -                  | -                  | -         | -                 | -                  |
| Disputed dues- Others | -        | -                  | -                  | -         | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Total</b>          | -        | <b>3,70,784.51</b> | <b>2,14,896.06</b> | -         | -                 | <b>5,85,680.57</b> |

## B INFORMATION REGARDING MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

Based on the information /documents available with the Company, information as per the requirements of Section 22 of The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are as under:

| Particulars                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of accounting year (including retention money against performance)                                                                                                                                      | -                       | -                       |
| ii) Interest due on above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | -                       | -                       |
| <b>Total of (i) &amp; (ii)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | -                       | -                       |
| iii) Amount of interest paid by the Company to the suppliers in terms of section 16 of the Act *                                                                                                                                                                        | -                       | -                       |
| iv) Amount paid to the suppliers beyond due date during the year                                                                                                                                                                                                        | -                       | -                       |
| v) Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in payments (which have been paid but beyond the due date during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Act                                                                        | -                       | -                       |
| vi) Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year                                                                                                                                                                                       | -                       | -                       |
| Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 22 of the Act   | -                       | -                       |
| viii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 | -                       | -                       |

| Note 11 Other Financial Liabilities |                         |                         | (in ₹ 000 ) |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Particulars                         | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |             |
| Current                             | -                       | 8.00                    |             |
| Provision for Expenses              | -                       | 8.00                    |             |
|                                     | <u>-</u>                | <u>8.00</u>             |             |

| Note 12 Other Current Liabilities |                         |                         | (in ₹ 000 ) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Particulars                       | As on<br>March 31, 2026 | As on<br>March 31, 2025 |             |
| Statutory dues                    | 130.52                  | 3,305.37                |             |
| TDS Liabilities                   | 12,494.20               | 12,494.20               |             |
| Trade advance from REC            | 90.00                   | 180.00                  |             |
| Other                             | <u>12,714.72</u>        | <u>15,979.57</u>        |             |



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# TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31,2026

| Note 13 Revenue from Operations <span style="float: right;">(in ₹' 000 )</span> |                                      |                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Particulars                                                                     | For the year ended<br>31 March, 2026 | For the year ended<br>March 31,2025 |
| a) Sale of products and services                                                | 1,64,503.64                          | 3,60,886.07                         |
|                                                                                 | <u>1,64,503.64</u>                   | <u>3,60,886.07</u>                  |

| Note 14 Other Income <span style="float: right;">(in ₹' 000 )</span> |                                      |                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Particulars                                                          | For the year ended<br>31 March, 2026 | For the year ended<br>March 31,2025 |
| -Insurance claim received                                            | 1,631.67                             | 953.26                              |
| -Interest on IT refund                                               | 155.76                               | -                                   |
|                                                                      | <u>1,787.43</u>                      | <u>953.26</u>                       |

| Note 15 Cost of material consumed <span style="float: right;">(in ₹' 000 )</span> |                                      |                                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Particulars                                                                       | For the year ended<br>31 March, 2026 | For the year ended<br>March 31,2025 |
| Materials, Stores and Services<br>- Billed                                        | 1,63,274.59                          | 3,42,202.48                         |
|                                                                                   | <u>1,63,274.59</u>                   | <u>3,42,202.48</u>                  |

| Note 16 Finance cost <span style="float: right;">(in ₹' 000 )</span> |                                      |                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Particulars                                                          | For the year ended<br>31 March, 2026 | For the year ended<br>March 31,2025 |
| Interest on loan                                                     | 1,343.85                             | 754.19                              |
|                                                                      | <u>1,343.85</u>                      | <u>754.19</u>                       |

| Note 17 Other Expenses <span style="float: right;">(in ₹' 000 )</span> |                                      |                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Particulars                                                            | For the year ended<br>31 March, 2026 | For the year ended<br>March 31,2025 |
| Filing Fees                                                            | 4.20                                 | 4.70                                |
| Legal & Professional Fees                                              | 90.50                                | 116.50                              |
| Rent                                                                   | 1,257.06                             | 1,338.60                            |
| Insurance                                                              | 1,122.27                             | 2,308.10                            |
| GST Penalty                                                            | -                                    | 36.23                               |
| SCA Written Off {Refer note 10(ii)}                                    | -                                    | 17,615.49                           |
| Bank Charges                                                           | 10.00                                | -                                   |
| Demat Charges (NSDL)                                                   | 18.75                                | -                                   |
| SERVICE CHARGES                                                        | 4.67                                 | -                                   |
| Software Expenses                                                      | 40.17                                | -                                   |
| Interest on TDS                                                        | -                                    | 195.34                              |
| <b>Payments to the Auditor</b>                                         |                                      |                                     |
| As Statutory Audit                                                     | 250.00                               | 200.00                              |
| As Reimbursement of Exp                                                | 90.79                                | -                                   |
|                                                                        | <u>2,888.41</u>                      | <u>21,814.97</u>                    |

**Note:**

- (a) Payment to auditors (\*)  
Statutory audit  
Reimbursement of Exp

\* Excluding goods and services tax, as applicable



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|               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| 250.00        | 200.00        |
| 90.79         | -             |
| <u>340.79</u> | <u>200.00</u> |

# TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31,2026

## Note 18 Tax expenses

(in ₹' 000 )

| Particulars                                                                                       | For the year ended<br>31 March, 2026 | For the year ended<br>March 31,2025 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Income taxes                                                                                      |                                      |                                     |
| A. Components of income tax expense                                                               |                                      |                                     |
| I. Tax expense pertaining to continuing operations recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss |                                      |                                     |
| Current tax                                                                                       | -                                    | -                                   |
| Deferred tax                                                                                      | (306.02)                             | (679.69)                            |
| Tax related to earlier years                                                                      | -                                    | 17.48                               |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                                      | <b>(306.02)</b>                      | <b>(662.21)</b>                     |

## Note 19 Earnings per share

Amount in ₹'000, except otherwise stated

| Particulars                                                                 | For the year ended<br>31 March, 2026 | For the year ended<br>March 31,2025 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit & Loss                      | (909.77)                             | (2,270.09)                          |
| Weighted Average number of equity shares                                    | 1,10,000                             | 1,10,000                            |
| Basic and Diluted Earnings per share ( Face Value of ₹10 per equity share ) | (8.27)                               | (20.64)                             |
| Face Value per equity share (₹ )                                            |                                      | 10.00                               |



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**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

**Financial instruments by category**

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as on March 31, 2026 are as follows: (In ₹ '000)

| Particulars                 | Amortised Cost     | Fair Value through PL | Fair Value through OCI | Total Carrying Value | Total Fair Value |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| <b>Assets:</b>              |                    |                       |                        |                      |                  |
| Cash & cash equivalents     | 1,825.58           |                       |                        | 1,825.58             |                  |
| Trade Receivables*          | 3,97,879.25        |                       |                        | 3,97,879.25          |                  |
| Other Financial Assets      | 28.00              |                       |                        | 28.00                |                  |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>3,99,732.83</b> | <b>-</b>              | <b>-</b>               | <b>3,99,732.83</b>   | <b>-</b>         |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>         |                    |                       |                        |                      |                  |
| Borrowings *                | 17,248.58          |                       |                        | 17,248.58            |                  |
| Trade payables *            | 3,91,063.08        |                       |                        | 3,91,063.08          |                  |
| Other Financial Liabilities | -                  |                       |                        | -                    |                  |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>4,08,311.66</b> | <b>-</b>              | <b>-</b>               | <b>4,08,311.66</b>   | <b>0.01</b>      |

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as on March 31, 2025 are as follows: (In ₹ '000)

| Particulars                 | Amortised Cost     | Fair Value through PL | Fair Value through OCI | Total Carrying Value | Total Fair Value |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| <b>Assets:</b>              |                    |                       |                        |                      |                  |
| Cash & cash equivalents     | 278.39             |                       |                        | 278.39               |                  |
| Trade Receivables*          | 5,86,474.32        |                       |                        | 5,86,474.32          |                  |
| Other Financial Assets      | 28.00              |                       |                        | 28.00                |                  |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>5,86,780.71</b> | <b>-</b>              | <b>-</b>               | <b>5,86,780.71</b>   | <b>-</b>         |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>         |                    |                       |                        |                      |                  |
| Borrowings *                | 13,869.12          |                       |                        | 13,869.12            |                  |
| Trade payables *            | 5,85,680.57        |                       |                        | 5,85,680.57          |                  |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 8.00               |                       |                        | 8.00                 |                  |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>5,99,557.69</b> | <b>-</b>              | <b>-</b>               | <b>5,99,557.69</b>   | <b>-</b>         |

\*Value for these Financial Instruments have not been discounted as their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of their fair value

**Fair value hierarchy**

This section explains the estimates and judgements made in determining the fair values of Financial Instruments that are measured at fair value and Level 1 : Includes financial Instrument measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 : Includes financial Instruments which are not traded in active market but for which all significant inputs required to fair value the instrument are observable. The fair value is calculated using the valuation technique which maximises the use of observable market data.

Level 3: Includes those instruments for which one or more significant input are not based on observable market data.

There are no transfers between level 1, level 2 and level 3 during the year.

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of March 31, 2026: (In ₹ '000)

| Particulars                 | Fair Value | Fair value measurement using |         |         |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|
|                             |            | Level 1                      | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| <b>Assets:</b>              |            |                              |         |         |
| Cash & cash equivalents     |            |                              | -       | -       |
| Trade Receivables           |            |                              | -       | -       |
| Other Financial Assets      |            |                              | -       | -       |
| <b>Total</b>                |            |                              | -       | -       |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>         |            |                              |         |         |
| Borrowings                  |            | Not Applicable               | -       | -       |
| Trade payables              |            | -                            | -       | -       |
| Other Financial Liabilities |            | -                            | -       | -       |
| <b>Total</b>                |            |                              | -       | -       |

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of March 31, 2025: (In ₹ '000)

| Particulars                 | Fair Value | Fair value measurement using |         |         |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|
|                             |            | Level 1                      | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| <b>Assets:</b>              |            |                              |         |         |
| Cash & cash equivalents     |            |                              | -       | -       |
| Trade Receivables           |            |                              | -       | -       |
| Other Financial Assets      |            |                              | -       | -       |
| <b>Total</b>                |            |                              | -       | -       |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>         |            |                              |         |         |
| Borrowings                  |            | Not Applicable               | -       | -       |
| Trade payables              |            | -                            | -       | -       |
| Other Financial Liabilities |            | -                            | -       | -       |
| <b>Total</b>                |            |                              | -       | -       |



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**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

( In ₹ '000)

**c. Fair Value disclosure of Financial assets and Financial Liabilities measured at amortised cost**

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, borrowings, trade payables and statutory dues are considered to be the same as their fair value due to their short term nature and are in close approximation of fair value.

**d. Finance Income and Finance Cost Instrument Category wise classification****Finance Income and Finance Cost Instrument Category wise classification**

( In ₹ '000)

|                                  | Year ended March 31, 2026 |        |       |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-------|
|                                  | Amortised Cost            | FVTOCI | FVTPL |
| <b>Income</b>                    |                           |        |       |
| Interest Income                  | -                         | -      | -     |
|                                  | -                         | -      | -     |
| <b>Expense</b>                   |                           |        |       |
| Interest Expense                 | 1,343.85                  | -      | -     |
|                                  | 1,343.85                  | -      | -     |
| <b>Year ended March 31, 2025</b> |                           |        |       |
|                                  | Amortised Cost            | FVTOCI | FVTPL |
| <b>Income</b>                    |                           |        |       |
| Interest Income                  | -                         | -      | -     |
|                                  | -                         | -      | -     |
| <b>Expense</b>                   |                           |        |       |
| Interest Expense                 | 754.19                    | -      | -     |
|                                  | 754.19                    | -      | -     |

**Note : 21 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

For the purpose of managing capital, Capital includes issued equity share capital and reserves attributable to the equity holders.

The objective of the company's capital management are to:

- Safeguard their ability to continue as going concern so that they can continue to provide benefits to their shareholders.
- Maximise the wealth of the shareholder.
- Maintain optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of the capital.

The capital of the company comprises share capital and borrowings/debt.

The parent company will support the SPV in case of any working capital shortfall

| Particulars                     | As on March 31, 2026 | As on March 31, 2025 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Borrowings                      | 17,248.58            | 13,869.12            |
| Less: Cash & cash equivalent    | 1,825.58             | 278.39               |
| Net Debt                        | 15,423.00            | 13,590.73            |
| Equity (including other equity) | 6,089.50             | 6,999.29             |
| Gearing Ratio                   | 253.27%              | 194.17%              |



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# TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)

## Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

### 22 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A Financial risk factors

The Company is exposed to various financial risks i.e. market risk, credit risk and risk of liquidity. These risks are inherent and integral aspect of any business. The primary focus of the Risk Management Policy is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The primary market risk consists of foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk. The Company calculates and compares the various proposals of funding by including cost of currency hedging also. The Company uses derivative financial instruments (Forward Covers) to reduce foreign exchange risk exposures.

#### i. Credit risk

The Company evaluates the customer credentials carefully from trade sources before extending credit terms and credit terms are extended to only financially sound customers. The Company secures adequate advance from its customers whenever necessary and hence risk of bad debt is limited. The credit outstanding is sought to be limited to the sum of advances and credit limit determined by the Company. The Company have stop supply mechanism in place in case outstanding goes beyond agreed limits.

#### Ageing Analysis of Trade Receivables for the year ended March 31, 2026

(in ₹' 000 )

| Particulars                                                                        | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment |                    |                    |                    |                  |                   | Total              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                    | Not Due**                                                  | Less than 6 Months | 6 Months - 1 Years | 1 Years - 2 Years  | 2 Years - 3Years | More than 3 Years |                    |
| (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables –                                                 | 50,788.89                                                  | 36,823.27          | 49,517.63          | 2,57,598.35        | 3,151.11         | -                 | 3,97,879.26        |
| (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk | -                                                          | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables –                                                 | -                                                          | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| (ii) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired                                  | -                                                          | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                       | <b>50,788.89</b>                                           | <b>36,823.27</b>   | <b>49,517.63</b>   | <b>2,57,598.35</b> | <b>-</b>         | <b>-</b>          | <b>3,97,879.26</b> |
| Less : Impairment Allowance for doubtful debts                                     | -                                                          | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Net Trade Receivables</b>                                                       | <b>50,788.89</b>                                           | <b>36,823.27</b>   | <b>49,517.63</b>   | <b>2,57,598.35</b> | <b>-</b>         | <b>-</b>          | <b>3,97,879.26</b> |

#### Ageing Analysis of Trade Receivables for the year ended March 31, 2025

(in ₹' 000 )

| Particulars                                       | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment |                    |                    |                    |                  |                   | Total              |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
|                                                   | Not Due**                                                  | Less than 6 Months | 6 Months - 1 Years | 1 Years - 2 Years  | 2 Years - 3Years | More than 3 Years |                    |
| (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables –                | 62,771.50                                                  | 2,32,725.59        | 1,51,748.83        | 1,39,228.40        | -                | -                 | 5,86,474.33        |
| (ii) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired | -                                                          | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Total</b>                                      | <b>62,771.50</b>                                           | <b>2,32,725.59</b> | <b>1,51,748.83</b> | <b>1,39,228.40</b> | <b>-</b>         | <b>-</b>          | <b>5,86,474.33</b> |
| Less : Impairment Allowance for doubtful d        | -                                                          | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                | -                 | -                  |
| <b>Net Trade Receivables</b>                      | <b>62,771.50</b>                                           | <b>2,32,725.59</b> | <b>1,51,748.83</b> | <b>1,39,228.40</b> | <b>-</b>         | <b>-</b>          | <b>5,86,474.33</b> |

#### ii Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of fluctuation in market prices. These comprise three types of risk i.e. currency rate, interest rate and other price related risks. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments, and derivative financial instruments. Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Regular interaction with bankers, intermediaries and the market participants help us to mitigate such

##### a) Foreign Currency risk

The Company Does not have any foreign Currency transaction, hence there is no Foreign Currency risk

##### b) Interest Rate Risk and Sensitivity

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to long term debt. Further Company is having Fixed rate borrowing, hence there is no Interest rate risk and sensitivity

#### iii Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the Company will not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations. The risk management action focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and tries to minimise adverse effects. The Company's approach is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due and company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as of March 31, 2026: (in ₹' 000)

| Particulars                 | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 Years   | 2-5 Years | More than 5 Years | Total       |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|
| Borrowings                  | -                | -           | -         | -                 | -           |
| Trade payables              | 71,014.71        | 2,26,472.95 | 93,575.42 | -                 | 3,91,063.08 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | -                | -           | -         | -                 | -           |

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as of March 31, 2025: (in ₹' 000)

| Particulars                 | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 Years   | 2-5 Years | More than 5 Years | Total       |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|
| Borrowings                  | -                | -           | -         | -                 | -           |
| Trade payables              | 3,70,784.51      | 2,14,896.06 | -         | -                 | 5,85,680.57 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 8.00             | -           | -         | -                 | 8.00        |



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**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 23** During the year the company has no employees on it's payroll. Accordingly, disclosures required under Ind AS 19 (2015) on "Employees Benefits" are not applicable.

**Note : 24** Leases - Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. The Company's significant leasing/ licensing arrangements are mainly in respect of residential / office premises and equipments, which are operating leases. The aggregate lease payable on these leasing arrangements are charged as rent and equipment hire charges in the Statement of Profit & Loss

**Note : 25** In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard on " Related Party Disclosures", the disclosures in respect of Related Parties and transactions with them, as identified and certified by the management, are as follows:

**Related party Disclosures :****List of Related Parties:****(a) Key Management Personnel**

| S. No. | Name            | Designation |
|--------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1      | Raj Kumar Raina | Director    |
| 2      | Dinesh Parakh   | Director    |

**(b) Details of Related parties and nature of relationship**

| S. No. | Name of the Related Party                                | Nature of Relationship                    |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 1      | Techno Electric & Engineering Company Limited from 02/12 | Holding company                           |
| 2      | NERES XVI Power Transmission Ltd.                        | Common Directorship of Majority Directors |
| 3      | NERGS I Power Transmission Ltd.                          | Common Directorship of Majority Directors |
| 4      | Techno AMI Solutions 1 Private Limited                   | Common Directorship of Majority Directors |
| 5      | Techno AMI Solutions 2 Private Limited                   | Common Directorship of Majority Directors |
| 6      | Techno AMI Solutions 3 Private Limited                   | Common Directorship of Majority Directors |
| 7      | Techno AMI Solutions 4 Private Limited                   | Common Directorship of Majority Directors |

**Transactions with parent**

(in ₹'000)

| Nature of transaction          | Transaction Value |             | Balance Outstanding |                |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------|
|                                | FY 2025-26        | FY 2024-25  | March 31, 2026      | March 31, 2025 |
| Purchases made                 | 3,42,202.48       | 3,42,202.48 |                     | -              |
| Trade payables                 | -                 | -           | 3,91,063.08         | 5,85,680.57    |
| Loan taken from Parent Company | 2,170.00          | 6,915.00    | 15,136.92           | 12,966.92      |
| Interest on loan taken         | 1,343.85          | 754.19      | 2,111.66            | 902.20         |

**Note : 26 Corporate social responsibility expenses ('CSR')**

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to corporate social responsibility is not applicable to the Company





**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 27 Additional Regulatory Information**

- (i) The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Company do not have any transactions with struck off companies.
- (iii) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (iv) The Company have not traded or invested in crypto currency or any form of virtual currency during the financial year.
- (v) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
  - b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vi) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
  - a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
  - b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vii) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (viii) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (ix) The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on the current or previous financial year.
- (x) There are no events or transactions after the reporting period which is required to be disclosed under Ind AS 10
- (xi) The Company have complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (xii) The Holding Company has confirmed financial support to the Company for meeting its working capital requirements, as and when required



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**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 28 Ratios**

| Ratio                            | Numerator                                                                                                                                                                                  | Denominator                                                                 | Current Year | Previous Year | % Variance | Reason for variance                                      |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Current ratio                    | Current Assets                                                                                                                                                                             | Current Liabilities                                                         | 1.01         | 1.01          | 0.18%      | NA                                                       |
| Debt-equity ratio                | Total Debt                                                                                                                                                                                 | Shareholder's Equity                                                        | 2.83         | 1.98          | 42.95%     | Increase in borrowing due requirement of working capital |
| Debt service coverage ratio      | Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets | Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments             | NA           | NA            | NA         | NA                                                       |
| Return on equity ratio           | Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend (if any)                                                                                                                                     | Average Shareholder's Equity                                                | (0.14)       | (0.28)        | -50.19%    | reduction in losses                                      |
| Inventory turnover ratio         | Net sales                                                                                                                                                                                  | Average inventory = (Opening + Closing balance / 2)                         | NA           | NA            | NA         | NA                                                       |
| Trade receivables turnover ratio | Net sales                                                                                                                                                                                  | Average trade debtors = (Opening + Closing balance / 2)                     | 0.33         | 0.72          | -54.25%    | Old dues reliaised                                       |
| Trade payables turnover ratio    | Net Credit Purchases                                                                                                                                                                       | Average Trade Payables                                                      | 0.33         | 0.37          | -9.80%     | NA                                                       |
| Net capital turnover ratio       | Net Sales                                                                                                                                                                                  | Working Capital = current assets minus current liabilities                  | 70.71        | 57.11         | 23.82%     | NA                                                       |
| Net profit ratio                 | Net profit after tax                                                                                                                                                                       | Net Sales                                                                   | (0.01)       | (0.01)        | -12.08%    | NA                                                       |
| Return on capital employed       | Earning before interest and taxes                                                                                                                                                          | Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability | 0.01         | (0.10)        | -105.26%   | Reduction in variable cost                               |
| Return on investment             | Income Generated from Invested Fund                                                                                                                                                        | Average Invested Funds                                                      | NA           | NA            | NA         | NA                                                       |



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**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31,2026

**Note : 29 Deferred Tax Liability/Assets**

(in ₹'000)

| Particulars                                                                   | As at<br>31 March 2026 | As at<br>31 March 2025 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Deferred Tax Liabilities</b>                                               |                        |                        |
| Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per | -                      | -                      |
| Fair valuation on equity instruments measured at FVTOCI                       | -                      | -                      |
| Fair valuation on instruments measured at FVTPL                               | -                      | -                      |
| Retention by Customers                                                        | -                      | -                      |
| <b>Total deferred tax liabilities</b>                                         | -                      | -                      |
| <b>Deferred Tax Assets</b>                                                    |                        |                        |
| Provision for compensated absence                                             | -                      | -                      |
| Provision for foreseeable losses                                              | 985.71                 | 679.69                 |
| Provision for gratuity                                                        | -                      | -                      |
| <b>Total deferred tax assets</b>                                              | 985.71                 | 679.69                 |
| Less: MAT Credit Entitlement                                                  | -                      | -                      |
| <b>Deferred tax liabilities/ (assets) [net]</b>                               | (985.71)               | (679.69)               |

(in ₹'000)

| Particulars                                      | Balance as at<br>April 01,2025 | Recognised in<br>Statement of<br>Profit and Loss | Recognised in<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Balance as at<br>March 31,2026 |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Difference between written down value of         | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Provision for gratuity                           | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Fair valuation on equity instruments             | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Fair valuation on investments measured at        | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Retention by customers                           | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| <b>Deferred tax assets:</b>                      |                                |                                                  |                                                   |                                |
| Provision for compensated absence                | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Provision for foreseeable losses                 | 679.69                         | 306.02                                           | -                                                 | 985.71                         |
| Provision for gratuity                           | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
|                                                  | 679.69                         | 306.02                                           | -                                                 | 985.71                         |
| MAT Entitlement Credit                           | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| <b>Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) [net]</b> | (679.69)                       | (306.02)                                         | -                                                 | (985.71)                       |

(in ₹'000)

| Particulars                                      | Balance as at<br>April 01,2024 | Recognised in<br>Statement of<br>Profit and Loss | Recognised in<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Balance as at<br>March 31,2025 |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Difference between written down value of         | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Provision for gratuity                           | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Fair valuation on equity instruments             | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Fair valuation on investments measured at        | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Retention by customers                           | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| <b>Deferred tax assets:</b>                      |                                |                                                  |                                                   |                                |
| Provision for compensated absence                | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| Provision for foreseeable losses                 | -                              | 679.69                                           | -                                                 | 679.69                         |
| Provision for gratuity                           | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
|                                                  | -                              | 679.69                                           | -                                                 | 679.69                         |
| MAT Entitlement Credit                           | -                              | -                                                | -                                                 | -                              |
| <b>Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) [net]</b> | -                              | (679.69)                                         | -                                                 | (679.69)                       |



**TECHNO AMI SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Jhajjar Power Transmission Private Limited)**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 30 Contingent Liability**

In the opinion of the management, no provision is considered necessary as there are no disputes pending against the company

**Note : 31 Audit trail**

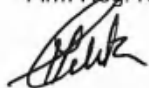
As per section 128 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with proviso to Rules 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ('the Account Rules') with respect to financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account. The audit trail (edit log) feature for any direct changes made at the database level was enabled for the said accounting software used for maintenance of all accounting records by the Company. However, the audit trail (edit log) at the application level was operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

**Note 32** Previous year figures have been re-grouped / re-classified wherever necessary, to confirm to current year's classification.

**For C N K & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

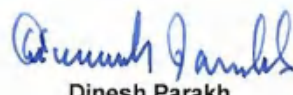
Firm Reg. No: 101961W/W-100036



Vijay Mehta  
(Partner)  
M. No. 106533  
Place : Mumbai  
Date: May 22, 2026



**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**



Dinesh Parakh  
Director  
DIN: 00057091  
Place : Gurugram



Raj Kumar Raina  
Director  
DIN : 03311376  
Place : Gurugram