

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Independent Auditor's Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31 2026, the statement of profit and loss, (including the statement of other comprehensive income), the cash flow statement and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, its Loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants (ICAI) of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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Information Other than the Standalone financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual reports, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

A handwritten signature in blue ink is visible, along with a faint circular stamp or seal, likely an official stamp of the auditor or company.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The Financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2022 were audited by the predecessor auditor M/S P. K. Jaiswal & Co, who have express an unmodified opinion on those financial statements vide there audit report dated 28th May, 2022

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;



- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statement of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) Based on our examination, which includes test checks, the Company has used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated through out the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.
- (h) As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration has been paid by the Company to its directors during the year.
- (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - I. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position in its Standalone financial statements.
 - II. The Company has made provisions as required under the applicable laws of accounting standards for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - III. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - IV.
 - (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and



(c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.

For ACS & CO
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.325716E



(Susanta Satpathy)
Partner

Membership No. 069786
UDIN-26069786NZRKDQ7916

Place: Kolkata
Dated: 22-05-2026



ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED of even date

We report that:

- i. (i) In the respect of matters specified in clause (i) of paragraphs 3 the Order:
 - a)
 - A. The Company has maintained proper records of Property, Plant & Equipment showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment.
 - B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b) The Company has a phased program of physical verification of its Property, Plant & Equipment which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its business. In accordance with such program, the management has physically verified certain Property, Plant & Equipment during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
 - d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
 - e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- {ii} The Company does not have any inventory. Hence clause 3{ii} of the order is not applicable;
- {iii} According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted loans, secured or unsecured to companies or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act. Accordingly, clause 3{iii}(a), {b} & {c} are not applicable;
- {iv} The Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees or securities given by it during the year;
- {v} The Company has not accepted any deposits and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed thereunder are not applicable;
- {vi} The maintenance of cost records under subsection {1} of Section 148 of the Act, is not applicable to the company in view of rule 3 of the companies (cost records and audit) Rules, 2014, as amended.
- {vii} (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities;
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax, value added tax, duty of customs, duty of excise or goods and service tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute;
- {viii} According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the



books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

{ix} In the respect of matters specified in clause (ix) of paragraphs 3 the Order:

- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year.
- (b) According to the records examined by us and information and explanations given to us we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- (c) The company has not obtained any term loan during the year and accordingly the clause 3(ix)(c) of the order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or joint venture.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised any loans during the year on pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or joint venture.

{x} In the respect of matters specified in clause (x) of paragraphs 3 the Order:

- (a) The company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (b) The Company has made preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year and the same is in accordance with section 42 and section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013. The funds raised, have been used for the purposes they were raised.

{xi} In the respect of matters specified in clause (xi) of paragraphs 3 the Order:

- (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanation given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

{xii} The Company is not a Nidhi Company, hence clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

{xiii} All transactions with the related parties have been are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable and the details have disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

{xiv} This clause is not applicable to the company



(xv) The Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors and persons connected with him. Hence, the provisions of section 192 of Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company;

(xvi) In the respect of matters specified in clause (xvi) of paragraphs 3 the Order:

- (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group does not have any CIC's, which are part of the Group. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 4430799/- in the current and Rs. 6699166/- in the immediately preceding financial year.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (refer Note 21 to the standalone financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) The reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable in respect of transfer to fund specified under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

(xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For ACS & CO
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.325716E



(Susanta Satpathy)
Partner

Membership No. 069786
UDIN-26069786NZRKDQ7916

Place: Kolkata
Dated: 22-05-2026



ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED** of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statement of **TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statement was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting system with reference to these standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statement, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting system with reference to these standalone financial statements.



Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to these standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

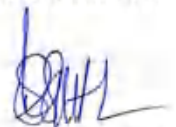
Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting system with reference to these standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For ACS & CO
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.325716E



(Susanta Satpathy)
Partner

Membership No. 069786
UDIN-26069786NZRKDQ7916

Place: Kolkata
Dated: 22-05-2026



TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U72100WB2014PTC201760

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2026

(in ₹ '000)

Particulars	Note No.	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
I ASSETS :			
1 Non-current assets			
a) Property Plant & Equipment	2	43,53,030.40	-
b) Right to use asset	3	3,04,403.03	3,07,641.35
c) Capital Work in Progress	9	-	2,39,684.89
d) Financial Assets			
(i) Other Financial Assets	7	26,481.19	35,28,806.83
e) Deferred Tax	8	26,065.90	9,469.26
f) Other non-current Assets	10	3,17,218.58	-
		50,27,199.10	40,85,602.33
2 Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	4	15,008.48	-
(ii) Trade Recivables	5	18,581.28	-
(iii) Cash & cash equivalents	6	5,946.68	632.30
(iv) Other Current Assets	11	7,63,809.75	60.05
(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	12	14,511.58	268.49
		8,17,857.77	960.84
TOTAL ASSETS		58,45,056.87	40,86,563.17
II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
1 Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital	13	1,46,050.00	1,46,050.00
(b) Other Equity	14	19,87,816.48	3,60,284.79
		21,33,866.48	5,06,334.79
2 Liabilities			
Non Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15	36,77,037.74	35,79,827.20
		36,77,037.74	35,79,827.20
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Trade Payables	16	-	-
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		19,245.55	6.68
(ii) Other Current Liabilities	17	14,907.10	394.50
		34,152.65	401.18
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		58,45,056.87	40,86,563.17

Material accounting policies 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. 2 to 33

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For ACS & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No: 325716E

Susanta Satpathy

(Partner)

M. No. 069786

Place : Kolkata

Date: 22 May 2026

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

P.K. Lohia

Pradeep Kumar Lohia

Director

DIN: 00056706

Sanjay Bhuwalka

Sanjay Bhuwalka

Director

DIN : 00056587

Priyanka Jha
 Company Secretary
 (Membership no. A44384)

TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31 March 2026

(in ₹ '000)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
I Revenue From operations	18	5,735.62	-
II Other Income	19	1,44,223.76	2,685.67
III Total Income (I +II)		<u>1,49,959.38</u>	<u>2,685.67</u>
IV EXPENSES			
Depreciation and amortization expense	2 & 3	83,262.53	3,238.32
Other Expenses	20	<u>3,81,983.05</u>	<u>6,621.01</u>
Total expenses (IV)		<u>4,65,245.58</u>	<u>9,859.33</u>
V Profit / (loss) before exceptional items and tax (III - IV)		(3,15,286.20)	(7,173.66)
VI Exceptional items			
VII Profit / (loss) before tax (V + VI)		(3,15,286.20)	(7,173.66)
VIII Tax Expenses			
a) Current Tax		-	-
b) Deferred Tax		(16,596.64)	(2,742.87)
IX Profit / (loss) for the year (VII - VIII)		(2,98,689.56)	(4,430.79)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (net of tax)			
B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
X Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(2,98,689.56)	(4,430.79)
XI Earnings per equity share			
1) Basic	21	(21.59)	(0.30)
2) Diluted		(21.59)	(0.30)

Material accounting policies

1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Profit and Loss Statement

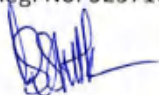
2 to 33

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For ACS & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No: 325716E

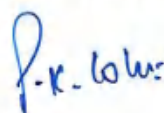

Susanta Satpathy

(Partner)

M. No. 069786

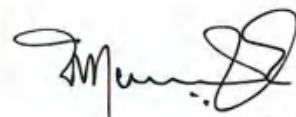
Place : Kolkata

Date: 22 May 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pradeep Kumar Lohia

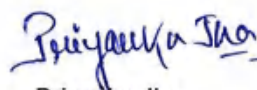
Director

DIN: 00056706


Sanjay Bhuwalka

Director

DIN : 00056587


Priyanka Jha

Company Secretary

(Membership no. A44384)



TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2026

(in ₹ '000)

	Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
	Net Profit before tax	(3,15,286.20)	(7,173.66)
	OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	(3,15,286.20)	(7,173.66)
	Depreciation	83,262.53	3,238.32
	Interest received	(1,41,728.66)	-
	Profit on sale of fixed assets	(361.16)	-
	Gain on sale of investments	(2,133.94)	-
	Interest paid	3,585.37	3,638.94
	OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	(3,72,662.06)	(296.40)
	Increase/Decrease Trade Payables	19,238.87	6.68
	Increase/Decrease Trade Receivables	(18,581.28)	
	Other financial liabilities	14,512.60	238.66
	Other financial assets	24,07,114.27	(35,02,712.50)
	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	20,49,622.40	(35,02,763.56)
	Income Tax Paid	-	-
	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	20,49,622.40	(35,02,763.56)
B.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
	(Purchase)/Sale of Investments	(12,874.54)	-
	(Purchase)/Sale of Fixed assets	(41,93,008.56)	(30,343.46)
	Interest received	1,41,728.66	
	CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	(40,64,154.44)	(30,343.46)
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
	Issue of Share Capital	19,26,221.25	-
	Loan from Holding Company	97,210.54	35,35,841.45
	Interest paid	(3,585.37)	(3,638.94)
	NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	20,19,846.42	35,32,202.51
D.	NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (A) + (B) + (C)	5,314.38	(904.51)
E.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	632.30	1,536.81
F.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	5,946.68	632.30
	Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year comprises :		
	Balances with Bank		
	(i) In current accounts	5,946.68	632.30
	Cash and Cash Equivalent as per Cash Flow Statement	5,946.68	632.30

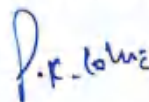
This is the Statement of Cash Flow referred to in our report of even date.

For ACS & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 325716E

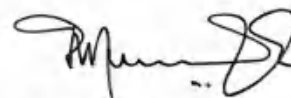


Susanta Satpathy
(Partner)
M. No. 069786
Place : Kolkata
Date: 22 May 2026

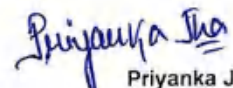
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors



Pradeep Kumar Lohia
Director
DIN : 00056706



Sanjay Bhuwalka
Director
DIN : 00056587



Priyanka Jha
Company Secretary
(Membership no. A44384)



TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED
Statement of Change in Equity for year ended 31 March 2026

A : Equity Share Capital

(in ₹ '000)

	Amount
Balance as on 31 March, 2024 *	1,46,050.00
Changes in equity share capital during financial year 2024-25	-
Balance as on 31 March 2025	1,46,050.00
Changes in equity share capital during financial year 2025-26	-
Balance as on 31 March 2026	1,46,050.00

B : Other Equity

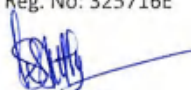
(in ₹ '000)

	Reserve & Surplus		Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earning		
Balance as on 31 March, 2024	3,82,482.40	(17,766.82)	-	3,64,715.58
Premium on issue of equity share	-	-	-	-
Loss for Year 2024-25	-	(4,430.79)	-	(4,430.79)
Balance as on 31 March 2025	3,82,482.40	(22,197.61)	-	3,60,284.79
Deemed Equity	-	19,26,221.25	-	19,26,221.25
Loss for Year 2025-26	-	(2,98,689.56)	-	(2,98,689.56)
Balance as on 31 March 2026	3,82,482.40	16,05,334.08	-	19,87,816.48

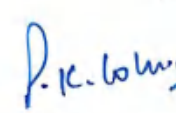
* There are no changes in Equity Share Capital and Other Equity due to prior year errors.

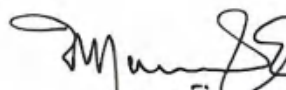
This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

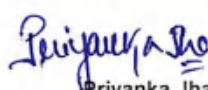
For ACS & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 325716E


Susanta Satpathy
(Partner)
M. No. 069786
Place : Kolkata
Date: 22 May 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Pradeep Kumar Lohia
Director
DIN: 00056706


Sanjay Bhuwalka
Director
DIN : 00056587


Priyanka Jha
Company Secretary
(Membership no. A44384)



Notes to the Financial Statements**1.1 Company Overview**

The Company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at 1B Park Plaza, South Block, 71 Park Street, Kolkata 700 016, India.

The Company is engaged in the business of developing, owning, operating and leasing data centre infrastructure and related facilities. The Company functions as a Data Centre Infrastructure Company ("PropCo") and owns the underlying data centre assets including leasehold land, buildings, electrical infrastructure, cooling systems, power systems, networking infrastructure and other associated facilities.

The Company commenced commercial operations during FY 2025-26 and derives revenue primarily from infrastructure leasing, facility charges, utility recoveries and related infrastructure support services.

1.2 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2017.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

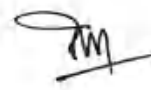
1.3 Functional & Presentation Currency

These Financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) which is also the company's functional currency and all amounts are rounded to the nearest hundred and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

1.4 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in note 1.5. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

1.5 Significant Accounting Policies**a) Revenue Recognition**



Revenue is recognized when control of the promised services is transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those services in accordance with Ind AS 115 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The Company derives revenue primarily from:

- Infrastructure lease rentals;
- Data centre facility charges;
- Infrastructure usage charges;
- Utility and power recoveries;
- Facility management services; and
- Other ancillary infrastructure services.

Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled.

Lease rental income and infrastructure usage charges arising from arrangements qualifying as leases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Revenue from facility management, maintenance support and ancillary services is recognized over time as the services are rendered.

Recovery of electricity, diesel, water and common infrastructure operating expenses is recognized in the period in which related services are provided.

Revenue is recognized net of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

b) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

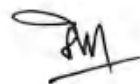
Cost includes purchase price, non-refundable duties and taxes, directly attributable costs incurred in bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use, borrowing costs eligible for capitalization and other directly attributable expenditure.

Property, Plant and Equipment primarily comprise data centre buildings, data halls, electrical systems, transformers, switchgears, DG sets, UPS systems, cooling systems, networking infrastructure, security systems, fire detection and suppression systems and other infrastructure assets.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

c) Depreciation and Amortization

 Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on the Written Down Value Method over the useful lives prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or over the estimated useful lives determined through technical assessment where considered appropriate.



Depreciation commences when the asset is available for its intended use. Amortization on Right-of-Use Assets is provided on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

d) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets comprising software licenses, business applications and other identifiable intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset.

e) Leases

The Company as lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company as lessee

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed. Contingent and variable rentals are recognized as expense in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease Liability

The lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- a. Fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments) payable during the lease term and under reasonably certain extension options, less any lease incentives;
- b. Variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- c. The amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- d. The exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- e. Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the Balance Sheet.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Company premeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- a. The lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is premeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate.
- b. A lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is premeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate.

Subsequent measurement

Non-derivative financial instruments

(i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

(iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

De-recognition of financial instruments

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

f) Related Party Infrastructure Arrangements

Transactions with related parties are carried out in the ordinary course of business and are accounted for in accordance with the terms of the respective agreements.

Related party disclosures are made in accordance with Ind AS 24 – Related Party Disclosures.

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and at bank that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and bank balance.

h) Employee Benefits

Employee benefits include provident fund, pension fund, gratuity, and compensated absences.

Retirement benefits in the form of Provident Fund and Pension Fund are defined contribution schemes. Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation, and compensated absences are treated in accordance with applicable accounting standards (Ind AS 19 – Employee Benefits).

During the year, the Company did not have any employees on its payroll. Accordingly, no expense or liability in respect of employee benefits, including provident fund, pension, gratuity, or compensated absences, has been recognized in the financial statements.

i) Financial instruments - initial recognition, subsequent measurement and impairment

Initial recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

j) Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost is charged to the profit & loss account for the year in which it is incurred except for borrowing used for acquisition of capital assets, which is capitalized till the date of commercial use of the assets.

k) Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is recognized in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases in accordance with Ind AS 12.

l) Recognition of Income / Expenditure

Income and expenses (except otherwise stated) are accounted for on accrual basis.

m) Provisions and contingencies**Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognized as an asset.

n) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

The Company has presented non-current assets and current assets before equity, non-current liabilities and current liabilities in accordance with Schedule III, Division II of Companies Act, 2013 notified by MCA.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

1. Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
2. Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
3. Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
4. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it is:

1. Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
2. Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
3. Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
4. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents.

o) Right-of-Use Assets

The Company recognizes Right-of-Use ("ROU") Assets in accordance with Ind AS 116 - Leases.

The Company has obtained leasehold rights over land from the Government of Tamil Nadu under a long-term lease arrangement for establishment and operation of data centre infrastructure.

The leasehold land is recognized as a Right-of-Use Asset at cost comprising lease premium, upfront payments, directly attributable costs and the initial measurement of lease liability, where applicable.

Right-of-Use Assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The Right-of-Use Asset relating to leasehold land is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

p) Capital Work in Progress:

PPE not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "capital work-in-progress"

q) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated after considering the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

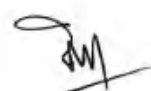
r) Standards issued but not yet effective. /Application of new and revised Indian Accounting

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) or amendments to existing standards under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules.

The following key amendments have been notified but are not yet effective for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. The Company intends to adopt these amendments from their effective date, which is April 1, 2026.

1. Amendment to Ind AS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements The amendment clarifies the classification of liabilities as current or non-current. Specifically, it removes the exception that allowed a company to classify a loan as non-current if a breached loan covenant was waived by the lender after the reporting date. Effective April 1, 2026, any breach existing on the balance sheet date will strictly require the loan to be classified as a current liability.

2. Annual Improvements to Ind AS (Ind AS 107 and Ind AS 110) The MCA has issued minor clarifying amendments to Ind AS 107 (Financial Instruments: Disclosures) regarding risk presentation, and Ind AS 110 (Consolidated Financial Statements) regarding the application of control principles.



TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

2. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

(in ₹ '000)

Particulars	Building	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipment	Computers	Total
Gross Block (at cost)						
As at 31 March 2025						
Additions	5,62,599.86	34,46,834.83	75,174.04	1,45,023.96	2,13,343.46	44,42,976.15
Disposals	-	-	-	-	10,023.70	10,023.70
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2026	5,62,599.86	34,46,834.83	75,174.04	1,45,023.96	2,03,319.76	44,32,952.45
Depreciation						
As at 31 March 2025	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for the year	4,441.71	65,297.55	3,557.22	2,783.07	3,944.66	80,024.21
Disposals	-	-	-	-	102.16	102.16
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2026	4,441.71	65,297.55	3,557.22	2,783.07	3,842.50	79,922.05
Net Block						
As at 31 March 2025	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2026	5,58,158.15	33,81,537.28	71,616.82	1,42,240.89	1,99,477.26	43,53,030.40

3 - Right to Use Asset

(in ₹ '000)

Particulars	Leasehold Land	Security Deposit	Advance lease rent	Stamp Duty	Registration fees	Total
Gross Block (at cost)						
As at 31st March 2024	2,99,328.75	14,959.09	0.20	6,285.91	20.72	3,20,594.67
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2025	2,99,328.75	14,959.09	0.20	6,285.91	20.72	3,20,594.67
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2026	2,99,328.75	14,959.09	0.20	6,285.91	20.72	3,20,594.67
Depreciation						
As at 31st March 2024	9,070.57	453.31	0.01	190.48	0.63	9,715.00
Charge for the year	3,023.52	151.10	-	63.49	0.21	3,238.32
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2025	12,094.09	604.41	0.01	253.97	0.84	12,953.32
Charge for the year	3,023.52	151.10	-	63.49	0.21	3,238.32
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2026	15,117.61	755.51	0.01	317.46	1.05	16,191.64
Net Block						
As at 31st March 2024	2,90,258.18	14,505.78	0.19	6,095.43	20.09	3,10,879.67
As at 31 March 2025	2,87,234.66	14,354.68	0.19	6,031.94	19.88	3,07,641.35
As at 31 March 2026	2,84,211.14	14,203.58	0.19	5,968.45	19.67	3,04,403.03

TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the the year ended 31 March 2026

Note 4	Current Investments	Particulars	(in ₹ '000)	
			As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
			Qty	Amount
		Investments in Mutual Funds		
		Investments earned at FVTPL		
		-ICI Pru Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	36813.992	15,008.48
				-
				<u>15,008.48</u>
				-
		The following shall also be disclosed:		
		(a) Aggregate amount of quoted investments current		-
		(b) Market value of quoted investments current		-
		(c) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments Non current		-
		(d) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments current		15,008.48
		(e) Market value of unquoted investments current		15,008.48
		(f) Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments.		-

Note 5	TRADE RECEIVABLES (Current)	Particulars	(in ₹ '000)	
			As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
		(Unsecured Considered good)		
		Exceeding 6 months from payment due date	-	-
		Other trade receivables	18,581.28	-
			<u>18,581.28</u>	<u>-</u>

Particulars	(in ₹ '000)				
	Outstanding as on March 31, 2026 from due date of payment				
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables:					
- considered good	18,581.28	-	-	-	-
- considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Disputed Trade receivables:					
- considered good	-	-	-	-	-
- considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-
Total	18,581.28	-	-	-	-

Note 6	Financial Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	Particulars	(in ₹ '000)	
			As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
		(a) Balances with banks		
		- In current accounts	5,946.68	632.30
			<u>5,946.68</u>	<u>632.30</u>

Note 7	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	Particulars	(in ₹ '000)	
			As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
		(Non - Current)		
		- Security deposits	10.80	10.00
		- Security deposits (Electricity)	16,125.39	16,125.39
		- Security deposits (Building)	7,312.50	7,312.50
		- Security deposits (Land)	2,942.50	2,942.50
		- Security deposits (Others)	90.00	-
		- Security deposits (Teedl)	-	35,02,416.44
			<u>26,481.19</u>	<u>35,28,806.83</u>

Note 8	Deferred tax liabilities/(Assets) (net)	Particulars	(in ₹ '000)	
			As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
		a) Deferred Tax Assets:		
		On account of Amortization	4,334.47	3,435.47
		On account of ROU on Security Deposit	211.13	168.89
		On account of Loss	96,735.00	5,864.90
			<u>1,01,280.60</u>	<u>9,469.26</u>
		b) Deferred Tax Liability:		
		On account of Depreciation	75,214.70	-
			<u>26,065.90</u>	<u>9,469.26</u>

(a) Movement in deferred tax liabilities / (assets)				
Particulars	As on 31 March 2025	Recognised in Profit/ Loss	Recognised in OCI	As on 31 March 2025
a) Deferred Tax Assets:				
On account of Amortization	3,435.47	899.00	-	4,334.47
On account of ROU on Security Deposit	168.89	42.24	-	211.13
On account of Loss	5,864.90	90,870.10	-	96,735.00
Total	9,469.26	91,811.34	-	1,01,280.60
b) Deferred Tax Liability:				
On account of Depreciation	-	75,214.70	-	75,214.70
		<u>16,596.64</u>	-	<u>26,065.90</u>

Particulars	As on 31 March 2024	Recognised in Profit/ Loss	Recognised in OCI	As on 31 March 2025
a) Deferred Tax Assets:				
On account of Amortization	2,576.60	858.87	-	3,435.47
On account of ROU on Security Deposit	126.64	42.24	-	168.89
On account of Loss	4,023.14	1,841.76	-	5,864.90
Total	6,726.39	2,742.87	-	9,469.26
b) Deferred Tax Liability:				
On account of Depreciation	-	-	-	-
	<u>6,726.39</u>	<u>2,742.87</u>	-	<u>9,469.26</u>

Note 9 Capital Work-in-progress		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
(Non - Current)			
- Building approvals	-	2,39,684.89	
	-	<u>2,39,684.89</u>	
Note 10 Other Non-Current Assets		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
Advance to others	2,54,562.41	-	
Leased land for SS	62,656.17	-	
	<u>3,17,218.58</u>	<u>-</u>	
Note 11 Other Current Assets		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
(Current)			
- Balances with Govt Authorities	7,62,706.73	60.05	
Prepaid Insurance	1,103.02	-	
	<u>7,63,809.75</u>	<u>60.05</u>	
Note 12 Income Tax Assets (Net)		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
(Current)			
- Advance Income Tax (net of provision for tax)	14,511.58	268.49	
	<u>14,511.58</u>	<u>268.49</u>	
Note 13 Equity Share Capital		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
Equity Share capital			
Authorised :			
1,50,00,000 (Previous year - 1,50,00,000) of ₹ 10 each	1,50,000.00	1,50,000.00	
	<u>1,50,000.00</u>	<u>1,50,000.00</u>	
Issued, subscribed and paid up shares :			
1,46,05,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid-up	1,46,050.00	1,46,050.00	
(Previous Year 1,46,05,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid-up)			
Total issued, subscribed and fully paid up share capital	<u>1,46,050.00</u>	<u>1,46,050.00</u>	

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Particulars	As on 31 March 2026		As on 31 March 2025	
	No. of Shares	(in ₹ '000)	No. of Shares	(in ₹ '000)
At the beginning of the year	1,46,05,000	1,46,050.00	1,46,05,000	1,46,050.00
Issued During the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>1,46,05,000</u>	<u>1,46,050.00</u>	<u>1,46,05,000</u>	<u>1,46,050.00</u>

b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to the shares

The equity shares of the company of nominal value of ₹ 10/- per share rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement to dividend and repayment of share capital.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Particulars	As on 31 March 2026		As on 31 March 2025	
	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	No. of Shares	% holding in the class
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Techno Electric & Engineering Co Ltd, the Holding Company *	1,46,05,000	100.00%	1,46,05,000	100.00%
	<u>1,46,05,000</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>1,46,05,000</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

* Includes 6 shares held by nominees Directors.

d. Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

Promoter name	As on 31 March 2026		As on 31 March 2025		% Change during the year
	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	
Techno Electric & Engineering Co Ltd.	1,46,05,000	100.00%	1,46,05,000	100.00%	-
Total	1,46,05,000	100.00%	1,46,05,000	100.00%	

Note 14 Other Equity

		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
A Security Premium	3,82,482.40	3,82,482.40	
B Retained Earnings			
(i) Opening balance	(22,197.61)	(17,766.82)	
Deemed Equity	19,26,221.25	-	
Add Transfer during the year	(2,98,689.56)	(4,430.79)	
Total	16,05,334.08	(22,197.61)	
	19,87,816.48	3,60,284.79	

Note 15 Borrowings

		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
Unsecured Loan #	36,77,037.74	35,02,416.44	
Loan from holding company *	-	73,069.85	
Provision for Interest	-	4,340.91	
	36,77,037.74	35,79,827.20	

The company had granted interest-free Non - convertible Debentures (NCDs) to body corporate Techno Electric & Engineering Company Limited amounting to ₹ 5,500 millions as at 31 March 2026 (31 March 2025 Nil). As per Ind AS 109 the company has recorded the NCDs at Fair value which is equal to the present value of future cash to be paid, discounted using the prevailing market rate for a similar instrument with a similar credit rating. Difference between the fair value of the NCDs and the amount of NCDs given should be recognized as equity component of NCDs under retained earning.

*Loan from parent is interest bearing @ 7%. It will repayable on or before 30.09.2027

Note 16 Financial Liabilities - Trade payables

		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises			
Others	19,245.55	6.68	
	19,245.55	6.68	

Outstanding as on March 31, 2026 from due date of payment

(in ₹ '000)						
Particulars	Not Due	Upto 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	19,245.55	-	-	-	19,245.55
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	19,245.55	-	-	-	19,245.55

Outstanding as on March 31, 2025 from due date of payment

Particulars	Not Due	Upto 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	6.68	-	-	-	6.68
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	6.68	-	-	-	6.68

Dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025
(a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year		
- principal	-	-
- interest	-	-
(b) the amount of interest paid by the Group under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprises, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-

Note 17 Other Current Liabilities

		(in ₹ '000)	
Particulars	As on 31 March 2026	As on 31 March 2025	
Provision for exp	-	9.00	
Statutory dues	14,907.10	385.50	
	14,907.10	394.50	

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TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

Note 18 Revenue from Operations

(in ₹ '000)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Revenue - Services	5,735.62	-
	<u>5,735.62</u>	<u>-</u>

Note 19 Other Income

(in ₹ '000)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Interest - Others	0.80	0.74
Net gain from investments	2,133.94	-
Interest - IT refund	14.77	-
Interest - Security deposit	1,41,713.09	2,684.93
Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	361.16	-
	<u>1,44,223.76</u>	<u>2,685.67</u>

Note 20 Other Expenses

(in ₹ '000)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Employee expenses	180.00	-
Internet Connection Charges	451.00	-
Operation & Maint -Exp	8,227.66	-
Facility Managemnet expenses	5,258.12	-
Power & Fuel Expenses	1,06,055.17	-
Lease Rent	639.35	-
Filling Fees	9.60	1.20
Legal & Professional Fees	1,530.32	107.39
Maintenance charges	2,626.58	139.20
Insurance Exp	1,307.78	-
Interest	3,585.37	3,638.94
Interest on NCD	1,03,258.99	-
Interest on OCD	1,41,630.14	2,684.93
Rates & Taxes	1,553.95	4.65
Annual Inspection fees	218.90	-
Payments to the Auditor	-	-
As Statutory Audit	10.00	10.00
As Certification	35.40	-
Bank charges	9.67	5.14
Interest on delay in TDS	-	2.40
Security Services	4,344.04	-
Service Charges	116.64	-
Misc Exp	934.37	27.16
	<u>3,81,983.05</u>	<u>6,621.01</u>

Note 21 Earnings per share

Amount in ₹ '000, except number of shares

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2026	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit & Loss (₹ '000)	(3,15,286)	(4,431)
Weighted Average number of equity shares	14605000	14605000
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share (₹)	(21.59)	(0.30)
Face Value per equity share (₹)	10.00	10.00

TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2026

Note : 22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as on 31 March 2026 are as follows:

(In ₹ '000)					
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Fair Value through PL	Fair Value through OCI	Total Carrying Value	Total Fair Value
Assets:					
Cash & cash equivalents	5,946.68			5,946.68	
Investments		15,008.48		15,008.48	15,008.48
Trade Receivables	18,581.28			18,581.28	
Other Current Assets	7,63,809.75			7,63,809.75	
Other Financial Assets	26,481.19			26,481.19	
Total	8,14,818.90	15,008.48	-	8,29,827.38	15,008.48
Liabilities:					
Borrowings *		36,77,037.74		36,77,037.74	36,77,037.74
Trade payables *	19,245.55			19,245.55	
Other Current Liabilities *	14,907.10			14,907.10	
Total	34,152.65	36,77,037.74	-	37,11,190.39	36,77,037.74

*Value for these Financial Instruments have not been discounted as their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of their fair value

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as on 31 March 2025 are as follows:

(In ₹ '000)					
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Fair Value through PL	Fair Value through OCI	Total Carrying Value	Total Fair Value
Assets:					
Cash & cash equivalents	632.30			632.30	
Other Current Assets	60.05			60.05	
Other Financial Assets	35,28,806.83			35,28,806.83	
Total	35,29,499.18	-	-	35,29,499.18	-

(In ₹ '000)					
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Fair Value through PL	Fair Value through OCI	Total Carrying Value	Total Fair Value
Liabilities:					
Borrowings *	35,79,827.20			35,79,827.20	
Trade payables *	6.68			6.68	
Other Current Liabilities *	394.50			394.50	
Total	35,80,228.38	-	-	35,80,228.38	-

*Value for these Financial Instruments have not been discounted as their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of their fair value

Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the estimates and judgements made in determining the fair values of Financial Instruments that are measured at fair value and amortised cost and for which fair values are Level 1 - includes financial instrument measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date

Level 2 - Includes financial Instruments which are not traded in active market but for which all significant inputs required to fair value the instrument are observable. The fair value is calculated using the valuation technique which maximises the use of observable market data

Level 3 - Includes those instruments for which one or more significant input are not based on observable market data

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of 31 March 2026

(In ₹ '000)				
Particulars	Fair Value	Fair value measurement using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:				
Cash & cash equivalents				
Investments	15,008.48	15,008.48	-	-
Trade Receivables				
Other Current Assets				
Other Financial Assets				
Total	15,008.48	15,008.48	-	-
Liabilities:				
Borrowings	36,77,037.74	36,77,037.74		
Trade payables				
Other Current Liabilities				
Total	-	-	-	-

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of 31 March 2025

(In ₹ '000)				
Particulars	Fair Value	Fair value measurement using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:				
Cash & cash equivalents				
Other Financial Assets				
Total	-	-	-	-
Liabilities:				
Borrowings				
Trade payables				
Other Current Liabilities				
Total	-	-	-	-

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, borrowings, trade payables and statutory dues are considered to be the same as their fair value due to their short term nature and are in close approximation of fair value

Note : 23. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of managing capital, Capital includes issued equity share capital and reserves attributable to the equity holders

The objective of the company's capital management are to

- Safeguard their ability to continue as going concern so that they can continue to provide benefits to their shareholders
- Maximise the wealth of the shareholder
- Maintain optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of the capital

The capital of the company comprises only share capital and there is no borrowings debt

TECHNO INFRA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2026

Note : 24 During the year the company has no employees on his roll. Accordingly, provision of IndAS 19 (2015) on "Employees Benefits" are not applicable.

Note : 25 Leases - Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. The Company's significant leasing/ licensing arrangements are mainly in respect of residential / office premises and equipments, which are operating leases. The aggregate lease payable on these leasing arrangements are charged as rent and equipment hire charges in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

Note : 26 In accordance with the Accounting Standard on " Related Party Disclosures", the disclosures in respect of Related Parties and transactions with them, as identified and certified by the management, are as follows:

Related party Disclosures :

(i) List of Related Parties:

(a) Key Management Personnel

S. No.	Name	Designation
1	Shri Ankit Saraiya	Director
2	Shri Sanjay Bhuwalka	Director
3	Shri Pradeep Kumar Lohia	Director

(b) Details of Related parties and nature of relationship

S. No.	Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship
1	Techno Electric & Engineering Company Limited	Holding company
2	Techno Digital Infra Pvt. Ltd. (Techno Clean Energy Pvt Ltd)	Common Directorship of Majority Directors
3	Techno Data Center Limited (Formerly - Techno Power Grid Co.Ltd)	Common Directorship of Majority Directors
4	Techno Digital Infra 1 Pvt. Ltd.	Common Directorship of Majority Directors
5	Techno Digital Infra 2 Pvt. Ltd. (Formerly Techno Wind Power Pvt Ltd)	Common Directorship of Majority Directors

(c) Disclosure of significant transactions with related parties and the status of outstanding balances

Transactions during the year				(in ₹ '000)
Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025		
Techno Electric & Engineering Company Limited				
Advance/Loan	1,11,293.31	30,150.00		
Unsecured loan	(35,00,000.00)	35,00,000.00		
Interest on Loan	3,784.47	3,638.94		
Issue of NCD	55,00,000.00	-		
Interest on unsecured loan	1,41,713.09	2,416.44		
Security deposit paid	35,00,000.00	(35,00,000.00)		
Interest on security deposit	(1,41,713.09)	(2,416.44)		
Capex Expenditure (including GST)	49,84,876.10	-		
Techno Digital Infra Pvt. Ltd. (Techno Clean Energy Pvt Ltd)				
Loan Given	2,54,383.23	-		
Interest on loan	199.10	-		
Sale of services (excluding GST)	5,735.62	-		
Techno Digital Infra 2 Pvt. Ltd. (Formerly Techno Wind Power Pvt Ltd)				
Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (excluding GST)	10,282.70	-		

Outstanding during the year				(in ₹ '000)
Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025		
Techno Electric & Engineering Company Limited				
Unsecured loan	-	35,00,000.00		
Advance/Loan	-	74,135.71		
Interest on Loan	-	3,275.05		
Issue of NCD	55,00,000.00	-		
Interest on unsecured loan	-	2,416.44		
Security deposit paid	-	(35,00,000.00)		
Interest on security deposit	-	(2,416.44)		
Techno Digital Infra Pvt. Ltd. (Techno Clean Energy Pvt Ltd)				
Loan Given	2,54,383.23	-		
Interest on loan	199.10	-		
Trade Receivables	6,768.04	-		
Techno Digital Infra 2 Pvt. Ltd. (Formerly Techno Wind Power Pvt Ltd)				
Receivables against sale assets/CWIP	11,927.93	-		

Note : 27 Additional Regulatory Information

No transactions to report for the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III:

- a) Crypto or Virtual Currency
- b) Benami Property held under Benami transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)
- c) Loans and Advances repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or year of repayment to specified persons
- d) Undisclosed income
- e) Registration of Charges and satisfaction of Charges
- f) Any advancement of fund through intermediary for other beneficiaries.
- g) any transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of the companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the financial year.
- h) Relating to borrowed funds
 - (i) Wilful defaulter
 - (ii) Utilisation of borrowed fund and share premium
 - (iii) Borrowings obtained on the basis of security of current assets
 - (iv) Discrepancy in utilisation of borrowings
 - (v) Current maturity of long term borrowings

Note : 28 Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previous Year	% Variance	Reason for variance
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	23.95	2.40	900%	Due to GST credits related to capex
Debt-equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	NA	NA	NA	NA
Debt service coverage ratio	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	NA	NA	NA	NA
Return on equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend (if any)	Average Shareholder's Equity	(0.14)	(0.01)	1500%	Due to depreciation and operational expenses
Inventory turnover ratio	Net sales	Average inventory = (Opening + Closing balance / 2)	NA	NA	NA	NA
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net sales	Average trade debtors = (Opening + Closing balance / 2)	NA	NA	NA	NA
Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	NA	NA	NA	NA
Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales	Working Capital = current assets minus current liabilities	NA	NA	NA	NA
Net profit ratio	Net profit after tax	Net Sales	NA	NA	NA	NA
Return on capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	(0.09)	(0.00)	4198%	Loss increased due to Depreciation and other expenses
Return on investment	Income Generated from Invested Fund	Average Invested Funds	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note : 29 Code on Social Security

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on November 13, 2020, and has invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under active consideration by the Ministry. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified and will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the year in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

Note : 30 Corporate Social Responsibility

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to corporate social responsibility is not applicable to the Company

Note : 31 Audit trail (edit log)

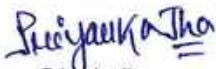
As per section 128 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with proviso to Rules 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ('the Account Rules') with respect to financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account. The audit trail (edit log) feature for any direct changes made at the database level enabled for the said accounting software used for maintenance of all accounting records by the Company. However, the audit trail (edit log) at the application level was operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

Note : 32 The previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary to conform to current presentation.

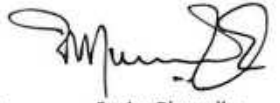
For ACS & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 325716E


Susanta Satpathy
(Partner)
M. No. 069786
Place : Kolkata
Date: 22 May 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Priyanka Jha
Company Secretary
(Membership no. A44384)


Pradeep Kumar Lohia
Director
DIN: 00056706


Sanjay Bhuwalka
Director
DIN : 00056587

